RNA Extraction from Wheat Grains

- 1. Grind 5-10 grains of seeds in a mortar and pestle and transfer the ground material into a 1.5 mL eppendorf. Depending on the grain size, you probably wouldn't need all the ground material, ¼ volume of the eppendorf will do.
- 2. Add the 2-mercaptoethanol to the RNA extraction buffer.
- 3. Add 500 µL of RE (RNA Extraction Buffer) and mix.
- 4. A. Add 100-200 µL of Ambion Plant RNA Isolation Aid and mix
 - B. Centrifuge for 10 mins at 13,000rpm and transfer supernatant to a fresh 1.5 mL tube.
- 5. Add 300 µL of 1:1 acidic Phenol (PH4.3)/ Chloroform.
- 6. Mix every few minutes for 10 mins.
- 7. Centrifuge for 15 mins.
- Carefully remove supernatants to a fresh 1.5 mL tube and add 240 μL and 30 μL of Isopropanol and 3M Na Acetate(PH=5.2) respectively. Precipitate nucleic acid at -80oC for 15 mins.
- 9. Centrifuge for 30 mins at 13,000 rpm and discard supernatant. Be careful not to lose the RNA pellet while decanting supernatant.
- 10. Wash twice with 750 μ L of 70% ethanol and centrifuge btw washes at 13,000 rpm for 5 mins
- 11. Discard supernatant and remove residual ethanol
- 12. Re-suspend pellets in 100 µL of RNAse Free water Reagents
- 13. Remove genomic DNA contamination using DNAse treatment of choice (there can be quite a lot of genomic DNA remaining so be sure to check removal is complete).

Reagents required

- RNA Extraction Buffer (RE buffer; 0.1 M Tris pH 8.0, 5 mM EDTA pH 8.0, 0.1 M NaCl, 0.5% SDS). AUTOCLAVE.
- Add 1% 2-mercaptoethanol to RNA extraction buffer before use.
- Acidified phenol pH 4.3 ± 0.2 (Sigma-Aldrich, Cat.#P4682).
- Chloroform.
- Isopropanol (2-propanol).
- 3 M sodium acetate (pH 5.2).
- 70% ethanol.
- Nuclease-free water.